आसवन तथा लघु क्षेत्र के लिए आरक्षित मदों को छोड़कर सभी खाद्य प्रसंकरण उद्योगों को लाइसेंसमुक्त कर दिया गया है। घरेलू/विदेशी/अनिवासी भारतीय पूंजी निवेश को बढ़ावा देने, राजकोषीय राहतें उपलब्ध कराना आदि जैसे विभिन्न अनेक उपाय भी किए गए हैं।

उदारीकरण से लेकर मार्च, 1966 तक मध्यप्रदेश में खाद्य प्रसंकरण उद्योगों की स्थापना के लिए लगभग 2939 करोड़ रु० के पूंजी निवेश वाले 321 औद्योगिक उद्यमी ज्ञापन पेश किए गए हैं। इनमें से लगभग 396 करोड़ रु० के पूंजी निवेश वाले 64 औद्योगिक उद्यमी ज्ञापन लागू किए जा चुके हैं। इसके अलवा इसी अवधि के दौरान मध्य प्रदेश में खाद्य प्रसंस्करण उद्योगों की स्थपना के लिए शत-प्रतिशत निर्यातोन्मुखी यूनिटों/संयुक्त उद्यम/विदेशी सहयोग आदि के लिए 416 करोड़ रु० की कुल परियोजना लागत वाली 24 मंजूरियां भी दी गई हैं।

Purchase of Land in Unauthorised Areas of Delhi

2544. SHRI LACHHMAN SINGH: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that due to housing problem people have purchased land for housing purposes in unauthorised areas of Delhi;

(b) if so, the details of plans formulated by Government to save purchasers from risk, if any in these areas; and

(c) if not, the steps being taken in the interest of these purchasers?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN AFFAIRS AND EMPLOYMENT (DR. U. VENKATESWARLU): (a) No study on the subject has been conducted by DDA.

(b) and (c) In order to meet the growing demand for housing in Delhi, DDA has taken steps for construction of houses during the last three decades. 21 housing schemes classified as Janta, LIG, MIG, Expandable Housing Scheme and Self Financing Schemes have been announced by DDA. Approximately 2.55 lakh flats have been allotted to the registrants in addition to 44,000 plots offerred to the registrants in Rohini Residential Scheme, 1981. A new scheme called the 9th Self Financing Scheme has been announced by DDA on 8.8.96 which will remain open upto 20.9.96 to offer 6000 flats in Delhi for the applicants. There will also be another scheme of Expandable Houses to be floated by DDA. As regards the question of purchase of land in anauthorised areas of Delhi, the purchasers enter into such transactions at their own risk. It is open to them to take legal action against sellers/colonisers in case of defective title to the properties or other malpractices.

Allotment of DDA Land to Shree Balkishan Educational Social Welfare Society

2545. SHRI K.M. KHAN: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware of the violation of Delhi Master Plan by DDA while allotting land for a nursery school twice to Shree Bal Kishan Educational and Social Welfare Society;

(b) if so, the details thereof;

(c) whether Government propose to get such violation investigated by the C.B.I.; and

(d) if so, the details thereot and if not, the reasons therefor?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN AFFAIRS AND EMPLOYMENT (DR. U. VENKATESWARLU): (a) and (b) The Delhi Development Authority has reported that Shri Bal Kishan Educational and Social Welfare Society was allotted 2000 Sq. mts. of land at the Nursery School site located in Panchsheel Group House Building Society in May, 1995. The Society deposited the demanded amount. However, the possession of this plot could not be handed over as it was not found vacant at the site. As such, alternative allotment of 1856 sq.mts. of land was made to the Society at the Nursery School site in Vasant Kunj in July, 1995.

As the land use in both the cases was earmarked as Nursery School there is no violation of Delhi Master Plan.

(c) and (d) In view of the above, question does not arise.

गाडगिल-मुखर्जी सूत्र के आधार पर केन्द्रीय सहायता

2546. **श्री गोविन्दराम मिरी:** क्या योजना और कार्यक्रम कार्यान्वयन मंत्री यह बताने की कृपा करेंगे कि:

(क) क्या सरकार उन राज्यों को सुदृढ़ करने के लिये गाडगिल-मुखर्जी सूत्र में दिये सूत्र के आधार पर विकास कार्यों हेतु केन्द्रीय सहायता उपलब्ध कराने पर विचार कर रही है, जहां 73वें तथा 74वें संविधान संशोधनों के परिप्रेक्ष्य में योजना के विकेन्द्रीकरण की प्रक्रिया पूरी हो गई है तथा जहां त्रिस्तरीय जिला पंचायतें और नागरिक निकाय गठित किये जाने के बाद उन्होंने कार्य करना आरम्भ कर दिया है; और

(ख) यदि हां, तो इस सहायता का स्वरूप क्या है?

योजना और कार्यक्रम कार्यान्वयन मंत्रालय के राज्य मंत्री (श्री योगेन्द्र के॰ अलघ): (क) और (ख) गाडगिल मुखर्जी फार्मूले में उन राज्यों को सुदृढ़ करने के लिए जहां 73वें और 74वें संविधान संशोधनों के परिप्रेक्ष्य में योजना के विकेन्द्रीकरण की प्रक्रिया पूरी हो गई है, और जहां त्रिस्तरीय जिला पंचायतों और नागरिक निकाय गठित किए जाने के पश्चात् उन्होंने कार्य करना आरम्भ कर दिया है, विकास कार्यों के आधार पर केन्द्रीय योजना सहायता के आबंटन का कोई प्रावधान नहीं है। उपर्युक्त प्रयोजन के लिए निधियां मुहैया कराने के लिए गाडगिल-मुखर्जी फार्मूले को संशोधित करने का भी कोई प्रस्ताव विचाराधीन नहीं है। दसवें वित्त आयोग ने 1996-2000 तक की अवधि के दौरान स्थानीय निकायों के लिए 5380.93 करोड़ रुपये तक के अनुदान की सिफारिश की है। इस सिफारिश को केन्द्र सरकार द्वारा स्वीकार कर लिया गया है और प्रचालित किया जा रहा है।

Revoking MOUs by Greater Noida Authority

2547. SHRI RAJ NATH SINGH: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government are aware that Greater Noida Authority has decided to revoke the MOUs signed by it about three years ago with sixteen Cooperative Group Housing Societies;

(b) if so, what so the reasons therefor;

(c) whether Government have studied the impact of this unilateral decision of GNA on the members of the said societies; and

(d) what remedial action Government propose to take in the matter so that the interest of thousands of innocent members land the spirit of cooperative movement is not hampered adversely?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN AFFAIRS & EMPLOYMENT (DR. U. VENKATESWARLU): (a) and (b) As reported by the Greater Noida Industrial Development Authority (GNA), the Authority had signed MOUs with 18 Cooperative Housing Societies. One of the essential conditions of the MOUs was that these Societies will legally transfer their land to the Authority in lieu of developed plots of land to be allotted by the Authority to the members of these Societies.

The matter was reviewed by GNA and it was found that the legal transfer of land to the Authority from the Society with whom MOUs had been signed was not taking place. The main reason of failure of these Socities to transfer their land has been the failure of Cooperative Housing Socities to establish clear title over the land proposed to be given to the Authority in lieu of plots due to many Societies having acquired land in excess of 12.5 acres, causing a legal bar. Because of the above failure of the Societies, the Authority has issued notices, asking them to show cause why the MOU may not be considered void because of their inability to give effect to legal transfer of land to the Authority. After receiving replies from the Societies/ their members, the GNA will take appropriate action.

(c) and (d) In view of the reply to parts (a) and (b), the question do not arise.